

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product number 80-1205

Product identifier Coilex Penetrating Coil Cleaner

Company information KIMBALL MIDWEST
4800 ROBERTS RD
COLUMBUS, OH 43228

Company phone 1-800-233-1294

Emergency telephone US 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec)

Emergency telephone outside US 1-952-852-4646

Version # 01

Recommended use CLEANER

Recommended restrictions None known.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1
Gases under pressure Compressed gas

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Sensitization, skin Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 3

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye/face protection. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye/face protection.

Response

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Specific treatment (see this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

11.02% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 11.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Butane		106-97-8	2.5 - 10
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	1 - 2.5
Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether		111-90-0	1 - 2.5
EDTA Tertrasodium Salt		64-02-8	1 - 2.5
Propane		74-98-6	1 - 2.5
d-Limonene		5989-27-5	0.1 - 1
Sodium Nitrite		7632-00-0	0.1 - 1
Other components below reportable levels			80 - 90

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Keep out of low areas. Pay attention to flashback. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Stay upwind. Avoid breathing gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
--	---

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Keep out of low areas. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 1 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Level 1 Aerosol (NFPA 30B)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	50 ppm 1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	5 ppm 1900 mg/m3 800 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether (CAS 111-90-0)	TWA	140 mg/m ³ 25 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear eye/face protection. Face shield is recommended. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Skin protection

Respiratory protection If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Compressed liquefied gas.

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol. Compressed gas.

Color Colorless.

Odor Characteristic.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range 212 °F (100 °C) estimated

Flash point	-156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) Propellant estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	65 - 75 psig @ 70F estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Specific gravity	0.969 estimated estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Exposure to air. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Oxygen. Do not mix with other chemicals. None known.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
--------------------	--------------------------------

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Dermatitis. Rash. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
---	--

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Acute LD50: 11169 mg/kg, Rat, Dermal May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergic skin reaction.
-----------------------	--

Product	Species	Test Results
19 OZ KIMBALL COILEX COIL CLNR LB 12PK (CAS Mixture)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Guinea pig	12226.8945 ml/kg, 24 Hours estimated 388.071 ml/kg, 4 Days estimated
	Rabbit	7981.5005 ml/kg, 24 Hours estimated
	Rat	11169 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC100	Cat	1800.036 % estimated
LC50	Mouse	24740.4941 mg/l, 120 Minutes estimated 1040.0208 %, 120 Minutes estimated 320.0064 mm/l, 2 Hours estimated
	Rabbit	21264.166 ppm, 7 Hours estimated
	Rat	21909.8906 ppm, 4 Hours estimated 170.2536 mg/l, 6 Hours estimated 112 mg/l/4h
<i>Oral</i>		
LD100	Rabbit	36946.4883 mg/kg estimated
LD50	Dog	36946.4883 mg/kg estimated
	Guinea pig	51335.1016 mg/kg estimated
	Rat	285.6237 ml/kg estimated
Components	Species	Test Results
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Guinea pig	230 ml/kg, 24 Hours 7.3 ml/kg, 4 Days
	Rabbit	450 ml/kg, 24 Hours 435 mg/kg, 24 Hours 220 mg/kg 0.63 ml/kg
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rabbit	400 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	450 ppm, 4 Hours 2.21 mg/l/4h
<i>Oral</i>		
LD100	Rabbit	695 mg/kg
LD50	Dog	> 695 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg
	Rat	530 - 2800 mg/kg 470 mg/kg
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes

Components	Species	Test Results
Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether (CAS 111-90-0)		52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	1355 mg/l

Aspiration hazard	Not likely, due to the form of the product.
Chronic effects	<p>Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.</p> <p>2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.</p> <p>Repeated absorption may cause disorder of central nervous system, liver, kidneys and blood.</p>
Further information	Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	<p>LC50: 557 mg/L, Fish, 96.00 Hours</p> <p>EC50: 959 mg/L, Daphnia, 48.00 Hours</p> <p>IC50: 65.75 mg/L, Algae, 72.00 Hours</p> <p>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.</p>
--------------------	---

Product	Species		Test Results
19 OZ KIMBALL COILEX COIL CLNR LB 12PK (CAS Mixture)			
Aquatic			
Algae	IC50	Algae	65.7535 mg/L, 72 Hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	959 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	557 mg/L, 96 Hours
Components	Species		Test Results
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	1819 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours
Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether (CAS 111-90-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 10000 mg/l, 96 hours
d-Limonene (CAS 5989-27-5)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	69.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	0.619 - 0.796 mg/l, 96 hours
EDTA Tertrasodium Salt (CAS 64-02-8)			
Aquatic			
Algae	IC50	Algae	1.01 mg/L, 72 Hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	472 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Sodium Nitrite (CAS 7632-00-0)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Greasyback shrimp (Metapenaeus ensis)	16.14 - 26.61 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.15 - 0.25 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
Butane	2.89
Diethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether	-0.54
d-Limonene	4.232
Propane	2.36

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Consult authorities before disposal. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	None
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None
This product meets the exception requirements of section 173.306 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity. Until 12/31/2020, the "Consumer Commodity - ORM-D" marking may still be used in place of the new limited quantity diamond mark for packages of UN 1950 Aerosols. Limited quantities require the limited quantity diamond mark on cartons after 12/31/20 and may be used now in place of the "Consumer Commodity ORM-D" marking and both may be displayed concurrently.	

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
Packaging Exceptions	LTD QTY

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	None
Packing group	Not applicable.

Environmental hazards**Marine pollutant**

No.

EmS

Not available.

Special precautions for user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Packaging Exceptions

LTD QTY

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

DOT**IATA; IMDG****15. Regulatory information****US federal regulations**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Sodium Nitrite (CAS 7632-00-0)

Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**Hazard categories**

Immediate Hazard - Yes
 Delayed Hazard - No
 Fire Hazard - Yes
 Pressure Hazard - Yes
 Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Anhydrous Ammonia	7664-41-7	100	500 lbs		
Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	100	500 lbs		
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	10	1000 lbs		
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	100	500 lbs		

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0	0.1 - 1
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	0.01 - 0.1
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	0.01 - 0.1
Ethylene Oxide	75-21-8	0.01 - 0.1
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.01 - 0.1

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.**US state regulations****US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Sodium Nitrite (CAS 7632-00-0)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Sodium Nitrite (CAS 7632-00-0)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Sodium Nitrite (CAS 7632-00-0)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Sodium Nitrite (CAS 7632-00-0)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

1,4-Dioxane (CAS 123-91-1)

Listed: January 1, 1988

Acetaldehyde (CAS 75-07-0)

Listed: April 1, 1988

Benzyl chloride (CAS 100-44-7)

Listed: January 1, 1990

Ethylene Oxide (CAS 75-21-8)

Listed: July 1, 1987

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Listed: January 1, 1988

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Ethylene Oxide (CAS 75-21-8)

Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Ethylene Oxide (CAS 75-21-8)

Listed: February 27, 1987

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Ethylene Oxide (CAS 75-21-8)

Listed: August 7, 2009

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 08-28-2014

Version # 01

Disclaimer Claire Manufacturing Co. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.