

Safety Data Sheet

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Section 1. Identification					
Product name	: I`lfU!@jb_`7f]ad'/ `Gc`XYf`7cbbYWfcfg				
Product code	: CU2810, CU0112, CU3014, CU4038, CU3056, BU3708, BU3910, BU2514, BU1838, AU2006, AU2110, AU2214, CU4110, BU2706, BU2710, AU3506, AU3510, CU2143,				
Product type	CU9363, CUMCT2, BU2141, BU9263, BUMCT2, AU2140, AU9163, AUMCT2 Solid.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: Jun	e 11 2015.			
Manufacturer - Supplier		Telephone no.:	Fax no.	Emergency phone:	
Kimball Midwest 4800 Roberts Road Columbus, OH 43228		800-233-1294		UNITED STATES AND CANADA Chemtrec Tel: 800-424-9300	

Section 2. Hazards identification		
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>May cause cancer.</li> <li>May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		

Continued on next page

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe dust. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Substance/mixture
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: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
tin	40-50	7440-31-5
lead	30-40	7439-92-1
Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	10-20	7440-43-9
[1R-(1α,4aβ,10aα)]-1,2,3,4,4a,9,10,10a-octahydro-7-isopropyl-1,4a- dimethylphenanthren-1-carboxylic acid	0.1-1.0	1740-19-8
Modified Rosin/Resin	0.1-1.0	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fir	<u>st aid measures</u>
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Section 4. First aid measures

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	1	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions	for safe	handling
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Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Control parameters**

# Occupational exposure limits

OSHA PEL (United States, 9/2005).
TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Sn) 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
TWA: 2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 10 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2005).
TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Notes: as Pb
TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Pb) 8 hours.
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Notes: as Pb
TWA: 50 μg/m³, (as Pb) 8 hours.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Notes: See Appendix C -
Supplemental Exposure Limits Note: The REL and PEL also apply
to other lead compounds (as Pb).
TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dust
CEIL: 0.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Dust
CEIL: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Form: Fume TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cd) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Notes: as Cd
TWA: 0.002 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cd) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Notes: as Cd
TWA: 5 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cd) 8 hours.

controls	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>&gt;</u>
Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.</li> <li>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Solid.
Color	: Silver.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
VOC	: 5.9 g/l
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not available.
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	1	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatibility with various substances	:	Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: alkalis and moisture. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and reducing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	;	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Routes of entry	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ir	nhalation. Ingestio	on.	
Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tin lead Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric) [1R-(1α,4aβ,10aα)]-1,2,3,4,4a ,9,10,10a-octahydro-7- isopropyl-1,4a- dimethylphenanthren-1- carboxylic acid	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat	>2000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg 225 mg/kg 1710 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
[1R-(1α,4aβ,10aα)]-1,2,3,4,4a ,9,10,10a-octahydro-7- isopropyl-1,4a- dimethylphenanthren-1- carboxylic acid	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	72 hours 10 Percent	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
lead Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)		Subject: Mammalian-Animal Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ Subject: Mammalian-Human	Equivocal Equivocal Equivocal

### **Carcinogenicity**

No applicable toxicity data

# Additional information:

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
lead	-		Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	+		Known to be a human carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

	<u> </u>					
Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
lead	-	-	Equivocal	Rat - Female	Oral: 520 mg/kg	-
	-	-	Equivocal	Rat - Female	Inhalation: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	24 hours per day
	Equivocal	-	-	Mouse - Female	Oral: 300 mg/kg	-
	-	Equivocal	-	Mouse	Oral: 4099.2 mg/kg	-
Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	-	-	Equivocal	Rat - Male	Oral: 155 mg/kg	-
	-	-	Equivocal	Rat - Female	Oral: 220 mg/kg	-
	-	Equivocal	-	Rat - Female	Intraperitoneal: 1124 µg/ kg	-

### **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
lead	Equivocal - Oral	Mammal - species unspecified	2118 mg/kg	-
Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	Equivocal - Inhalation Equivocal - Oral Equivocal - Intravenous	Rat Rat Rat	10 mg/m³ 23 mg/kg 8 mg/kg	24 hours per day - -

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
lead	Category 1		nervous system and reproductive organs

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# Information on the likely: Not available.routes of exposurePotential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related	to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate	effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Defendent betreven alle for	A back as a line to a

<u>Snort term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
General	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	May damage fertility.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral	1272.3 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
lead	Acute EC50 105 ppb Marine water	Algae - Chaetoceros sp Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.489 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5100 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.44 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.25 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.03 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks
Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	Acute EC50 97 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.095 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 200 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 24.4 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

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# Section 12. Ecological information

	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Parachlorella kessleri -	72 hours
		Exponential growth phase	
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks
	Acute LC50 2470 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
9,10,10a-octahydro-7-		Neonate	
isopropyl-1,4a-			
dimethylphenanthren-1-			
carboxylic acid			
	Acute LC50 700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Esox lucius	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
[1R-(1α,4aβ,10aα)]-1,2,3,4,4a, 9,10,10a-octahydro-7- isopropyl-1,4a- dimethylphenanthren-1- carboxylic acid	4.8	131.83	low
Mobility in soil Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.		

### Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	UN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-

Section 14.	Transport	informatio	on			
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.
	TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR): No products were found.
	TSCA 12(b) one-time export notification: No products were found.
	TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: lead
	Refer to Proposed Rule (59 Federal Register 11122, March 9, 1994 ) for details on TSCA 12(b) applicability for lead.

### SARA 302/304

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

# SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	lead	7439-92-1	30-40
	Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	7440-43-9	10-20
Supplier notification	lead	7439-92-1	30-40
	Cadmium (Non-pyrophoric)	7440-43-9	10-20

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada)	: Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).
	Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

### **International lists**

National inventory	
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

# Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	1
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Carc. 1A, H350	Calculation method
Repr. 1A, H360 (Fertility)	Calculation method
Repr. 1A, H360 (Unborn child)	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

### **History**

Date of issue/Date of revision	: June 11 2015.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: Regulatory Affairs Department Enthone Inc 350 Frontage Road West Haven, CT 06516 Phone: (203) 934-8611 Fax: (203) 799-8179 enthonemsds@enthone.com www.enthone.com
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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